







CENSUS OF CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRIES

CC77-I-13(P) Issued April 1979

**Industry Series** 

Preliminary Report

## Masonry, Stone Setting, and Other Stonework Special Trade Contractors

SIC 1741

During 1977, the establishments with payroll in this industry had business receipts of \$3.80 billion. Of this amount, \$3.77 billion were receipts for construction work, an increase of 22 percent compared with 1972. Their payments for construction work subcontracted to others amounted to \$96.5 million leaving net construction receipts of about \$3.67 billion. Total average employment in the industry showed a decrease of 8 percent from 1972 to 152.1 thousand employees. Payroll for 1977 amounted to \$1.5 billion. Value added at \$2.4 billion in 1977 was 17 percent more than in 1972.

The Masonry, Stone Setting, and Other Stonework Special Trade Contractors industry includes establishments primarily engaged in masonry work, stone setting, and other stonework. This industry also includes boiler setting contractors, bricklaying contractors, cement block laying contractors, chimney construction contractors, exterior marble work contractors, and tuck pointing contractors. It does not include establishments primarily engaged in concrete work (industry 1771), foundation work (industry 1794), or those primarily engaged in the construction of streets, sidewalks, and alleys (industry 1611). For a more detailed description, see the 1972 SIC Manual.<sup>1</sup>

For this census, a "construction establishment" was defined as a relatively permanent office or other place of business at which or from which the usual business activities related to construction were conducted. A separate census report was required from each establishment but not from each construction site. Instead, the data for work at each site were included in the report from the appropriate office or branch office. Foreign construction activities were not included in this census.

The 1977 Census of Construction Industries is the sixth census of construction establishments in the United States. As in previous years, it was conducted jointly with the censuses of mineral industries, manufactures, retail trade, wholesale trade,

and service industries under authority of title 13 of the United States Code. Although the first construction census was conducted covering 1929, only the data from the censuses of 1967 and 1972 are comparable with the 1977 data.

The 1977 estimates for establishments with payroll in all of the construction industries are based on reports from a probability sample of approximately 181,000 establishments selected from about 536,000 construction establishments with payroll. The sample included all construction establishments with a payroll equivalent of 15 or more full-time employees and a sample of those with fewer employees. There were two exceptions: In SIC 1521, sampling was employed in establishments with less than 20 employees because of the large number of establishments in that industry; in SIC 1795, all known establishments were included because of the very small number of establishments in that industry. The data obtained from the sample were inflated to represent all construction establishments with payroll. Complete descriptions of the sampling and estimating procedures will be included in the final reports.

Since the data in this report are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability and may be expected to differ from results which would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules and procedures. The standard error shown in the tables is a measure of sampling variability, i.e., the variation that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population was surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error partially incorporates the effect of random errors of response, but it does not take into account the effect of any consistent biases due to those types of errors. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 4101-0066. Price \$6.75. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0. Price 90 cents.

Table 2. Construction Receipts for Establishments With Payroll by Type of Construction: 1977 and 1972

(Thousands of dollars. Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see text)

Item	Masonry, stone setting, stonework special contractors (174	Standard error of estimate (percent)		
	1977	1972	1977	1972
Construction receipts	3,766,915	3,085,759	1	2
Building construction	3,257,974	2,856,805	1	1
Single-family houses		881,195	2	2
Apartment buildings	263,193	444,638	2	2
Other residential buildings	73,721	93,305	4	8
Industrial buildings and warehouses	625,425	546,355	1	2
Office and bank buildings	234,105	202,801	2	2
Stores, restaurants, public garages, and automobile service stations	198,098	180,242	2	4
Religious buildings	85,613	75,887	3	5
Educational buildings		245,393	1	4
Hospitals and institutional buildings	181,351	139,857	2	3
Amusement, social, and recreational buildings	34,039	34,746	3	13
Other nonresidental buildings	38,230	12,386	6	7
Nonbuilding construction	214,709	78,748	2	4
Heavy industrial facilities	160,634	38,937	1	3
Other nonbuilding construction	54,075	39,811	4	7
Construction work, not specified by kind	294,324	150,206	4	6

Note: See text for explanation of duplication.

an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference is less than twice the standard error.

This report does not include figures for separate administrative offices, warehouses, garages, or other auxiliary units which service construction establishments of the same company. Data for separate central administrative offices and auxiliaries are collected in the enterprise statistics survey, a part of the economic censuses.

This report is one in a series presenting preliminary data collected in the 1977 Census of Construction Industries. The universe for this census included all establishments classified in the construction industries (SIC's 15, 16, 17, and 6552). This report will be superseded by a more detailed final report. In addition to data for establishments with payroll presented here, the final Industry Summary report and the reports in the Geographic Area Series will present limited data for construction establishments with no payroll during 1977.

The totals of construction receipts reported by all construction establishments in each of the several industry, State, or other groupings in this census contain varying amounts of duplication, since the construction work (and the receipts) of one firm may be subcontracted out to other construction firms and, therefore, will be included in the subcontractor's receipts. To avoid this duplication, a "net construction receipts" figure has been derived by subtracting the payments made for

construction work subcontracted to others from the construction receipts.

Usually, "value added" is the best measure for comparing the relative economic importance of industries or areas. It eliminates the duplication in receipts because of subcontracting. It also eliminates from the output measure the cost of materials, which differs in relative importance among areas and industries. For this census, "value added" is equal to all business receipts less payments for construction work subcontracted to others and payments for materials, components, supplies, and fuels. However, for industries for which land receipts are significant, "value added" is equal to all business receipts less land receipts, payments for construction work subcontracted to others, and payments for materials, components, supplies, and fuels.

## The symbols in the tables mean:

- Represents zero.
- D Withheld to avoid disclosing figures for individual companies; figures are included in higher level totals.
- S Withheld because estimates did not meet publication standards on the basis of either the associated standard error or a consistency review.
- Z Standard error of estimate is greater than zero but less than 1 percent.
- a Sampling error is greater than 40 percent.
- NA Not available; data were not collected.

Table 1. Detailed Statistics for Establishments With Payroll: 1977, 1972, and 1967

(Thousands of dollars. Detailed figures may not add to totals because of rounding. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see text)

Thousands of dollars. Detailed figures may not add to totals because of roun.	Masonry, stone setting, and other stonework special trade contractors (1741)			Standard error of estimate (percent)		
	1977	1972	1967	1977	1972	1967
Number of establishments	24,826	23,896	19,820	2	2	2
Proprietors and working partners	19,579	20,444	17,932	2	3	3
All employees: March May August November Average	133,661 158,705 163,946 151,722 152,146	145,324 166,417 177,488 163,192 165,580	127,007 146,828 155,631 142,108 144,935	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1
Construction workers: March May August. November. Average.	124,857 148,748 154,529 142,468 142,787	136,579 157,245 168,130 154,054 156,395	120,174 140,163 148,644 135,262 138,203	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1
Other employees: March. May. August. November. Average.	8,804 9,957 9,417 9,255 9,373	8,745 9,172 9,358 9,138 9,203	6,643 6,758 7,033 6,632 6,976	2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3	2 2 2 2 2
Payroll, all employees	1,494,558 1,349,773 144,785	1,310,777 1,199,012 111,765	816,889 758,683 58,538	1 1 1	2 2 2	1 1 1
First quarter payroll, all employees	285,460	(NA)	(NA)	1	(NA)	(NA)
Employer costs for fringe benefits	278,937 173,677 105,260	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	1 1 1	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
All business receipts  Total construction receipts  Receipts for work subcontracted in from others  Other business and land receipts	3,796,353 3,766,915 2,621,771 29,438	3.104,947 3,085,759 1,903,196 19,188	1,965,688 1,953,216 1,205,516 12,434	1 1 1 3	2 2 3 2	1 1 1 5
Net construction receipts	3,670,395	2,978,082	1,895,917	1	2	1
Value added	2,414,025	2,056,925	1,308,714	1	2	1
Selected payments.  Materials, components, and supplies. Construction work subcontracted to others Selected power, fuels, and lubricants. Electricity. Natural gas. Gasoline and diesel fuel Lubricating oils and greases. Other.	1,382,329 1,214,738 96,520 71,071 6,134 3,577 54,518 4,668 2,175	1,048,022 1940,345 107,677 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	656,944 1599,850 57,394 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 5	3 2 8 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	1 3 (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Rental payments for machinery, equipment, and structures  For machinery and equipment.  For structures.	33.971 27,419 6,552	(NA) 24,705 (NA)	(NA) 9,295 (NA)	1 2 2	(NA) 3 (NA)	(NA) 2 (NA)
Selected purchased services  Communication.  Repairs to structures and related facilities  Repairs to machinery and equipment.	100,601 27,760 13,362 59,480	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	13 13 35 12	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Capital expenditures.  New  Structures and related facilities.  Machinery and equipment, including automobiles and trucks.  Automobiles and trucks intended primarily for highway use.  Used.  Structures and related facilities.  Machinery and equipment, including automobiles and trucks.	98,471 78,770 8,774 69,997 40,197 19,701 1,554 18,147	66,275 55,380 6,537 48,843 (NA) 10,895 3,835 7,060	28,189 23,668 2,647 21,021 (NA) 4,521 1,462 3,059	2 2 10 2 3 3 8 4	4 5 15 4 (NA) 9 22 7	2 2 5 1 (NA) 10 18
Fixed assets and depreciation:  Gross book value of depreciable assets at end of year	529,107 255,986 273,121 59,952	357,335 147,995 209,340 52,340	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	2 1 2 2	3 2 4 14	(NA) (NA) (NA)
Structures, additions, and related facilities:  Cross book value of depreciable assets at end of year	89,655 26,689 62,966 4,140	66,653 16,660 49,993 5,361	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	4 4 4 4	5 8 6 9	(NA (NA (NA (NA
Machinery and equipment:  Cross book value of depreciable assets at end of year.  Accumulated depreciation at end of year.  Net value of depreciable assets at end of year.  Depreciation charges during year.	439,452 229,297 210,155 55,812	290,682 131,335 159,347 46,979	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	1 1 2 2	3 2 5 15	(NA (NA (NA (NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes data for power, fuels, and lubricants, now shown separately.

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